



Human Hemopexin ELISA Kit

Vertrieb:

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Hinweis/Note:

Der Packungsbeileger dient nur als erste Information.
Der relevante Packungsbeileger liegt der Ware bei.

The datasheet is only a first information.
The relevant datasheet is included with the product.

For any questions regarding troubleshooting or performing the assay, please contact our support team at support@assaypro.com.

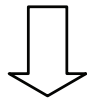
Thank you for choosing Assaypro.

Assay Summary

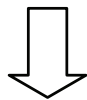
Add 50 μ l of Standard/ Sample per well.
Incubate 2 hours.



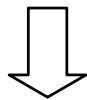
Wash, then add 50 μ l of
Biotinylated Antibody per well.
Incubate 1 hour.



Wash, then add 50 μ l of
SP Conjugate per well.
Incubate 30 minutes.



Wash, then add 50 μ l of
Chromogen Substrate per well.
Incubate 10 minutes.



Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution per well.
Read at 450 nm immediately.

Assay Template

	1								
A	2								
B	3								
C	4								
D	5								
E	6								
F	7								
G	8								
H	9								
	10								
	11								
	12								

AssayMax Human Hemopexin ELISA Kit

Catalog No. EH2001-1
Sample Insert/Reference Only

Introduction

Hemopexin is a heme-binding plasma glycoprotein which, after haptoglobin, forms the second line of defense against hemoglobin-mediated oxidative damage during intravascular hemolysis. A decrease in plasma hemopexin concentration reflects a recent release of heme compounds in the extracellular compartment. Heme–hemopexin complexes are delivered to hepatocytes by receptor-mediated endocytosis after which hemopexin is recycled to the circulation (1). Studies indicate that increased hemopexin levels are associated with minimal change disease (MCD) (2), sporadic Alzheimer's disease (AD) (3), heavy-drinking chronic alcoholics (4), hemolytic anemias, chronic neuromuscular diseases, and acute intermittent porphyria (5).

Principle of the Assay

The AssayMax Human Hemopexin ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of human hemopexin in urine, saliva, milk, CSF, and cell culture samples. This assay employs a quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique that measures hemopexin in less than 4 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for hemopexin has been pre-coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. Hemopexin in standards and samples is sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for hemopexin, which is recognized by a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Caution and Warning

- **Prepare all reagents (working diluent buffer, wash buffer, standards, biotinylated antibody, and SP conjugate) as instructed, prior to running the assay.**
- **Prepare all samples prior to running the assay. The dilution factors for the samples are suggested in this protocol. However, the user should determine the optimal dilution factor.**
- **Spin down the SP conjugate vial and the biotinylated antibody vial before opening and using contents.**

- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.
- The Stop Solution is an acidic solution.

Reagents

- **Human Hemopexin Microplate:** A 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against human hemopexin.
- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 precut, pressure sensitive sealing tapes, which can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- **Human Hemopexin Standard:** Human hemopexin in a buffered protein base (400 ng, lyophilized).
- **Biotinylated Human Hemopexin Antibody (50x):** A 50-fold concentrated biotinylated polyclonal antibody against hemopexin (140 μ l).
- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml, 2 bottles).
- **Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate):** A 100-fold concentrate (80 μ l).
- **Chromogen Substrate:** A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- **Stop Solution:** A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 ml).

Storage Condition

- Upon arrival, immediately store components of the kit at recommended temperatures up to the expiration date.
- Store SP Conjugate and Biotinylated Antibody at -20°C.
- Store Microplate, Diluent Concentrate (10x), Wash Buffer, Stop Solution, and Chromogen Substrate at 2-8°C.
- Unused microplate wells may be returned to the foil pouch with the desiccant packs and resealed. May be stored for up to 30 days in a vacuum desiccator.
- Diluent (1x) may be stored for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Store Standard at 2-8°C before reconstituting with diluent and at -20°C after reconstituting with diluent.

Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Pipettes (1-20 μ l, 20-200 μ l, 200-1000 μ l, and multiple channel).

- Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.

Sample Collection and Storage

- **Cell Culture Supernatants:** Centrifuge cell culture media at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes to remove debris and collect supernatants. Dilute samples if necessary and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Urine:** Collect urine using sample pot. Centrifuge samples at 800 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:10 into MIX Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Saliva:** Collect saliva using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 800 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:60 into MIX Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Milk:** Collect milk using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 800 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:300 into MIX Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **CSF:** Collect cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) using sample pot. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x *g* for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:300 into MIX Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -80°C for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
- **MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the MIX Diluent Concentrate 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- **Human Hemopexin Standard:** Reconstitute the 400 ng of Human Hemopexin Standard with 1 ml of MIX Diluent to generate a 400 ng/ml standard solution. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare duplicate or triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution (400 ng/ml) 1:2 with MIX Diluent to produce 200, 100, 50, 25, 12.5, and 6.25 ng/ml solutions. MIX Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and use within 30 days.

Standard Point	Dilution	[Hemopexin] (ng/ml)
P1	Standard (400 ng/ml)	400.0
P2	1 part P1 + 1 part MIX Diluent	200.0
P3	1 part P2 + 1 part MIX Diluent	100.0
P4	1 part P3 + 1 part MIX Diluent	50.00
P5	1 part P4 + 1 part MIX Diluent	25.00
P6	1 part P5 + 1 part MIX Diluent	12.50
P7	1 part P6 + 1 part MIX Diluent	6.250
P8	MIX Diluent	0.000

- **Biotinylated Human Hemopexin Antibody (50x):** Spin down the antibody briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:50 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
- **Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x):** If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.
- **SP Conjugate (100x):** Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Assay Procedure

- Prepare all reagents, standard solutions, and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccants inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.
- Add 50 µl of Human Hemopexin Standard or sample per well. Cover wells with a sealing tape and incubate for 2 hours. Start the timer after the last addition.
- Wash five times with 200 µl of Wash Buffer manually. Invert the plate each time and decant the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid. If using a machine, wash six times with 300 µl of Wash Buffer and then invert the plate, decanting the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid.
- Add 50 µl of Biotinylated Human Hemopexin Antibody to each well and incubate for 1 hour.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 µl of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate per well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.
- Wash the microplate as described above.

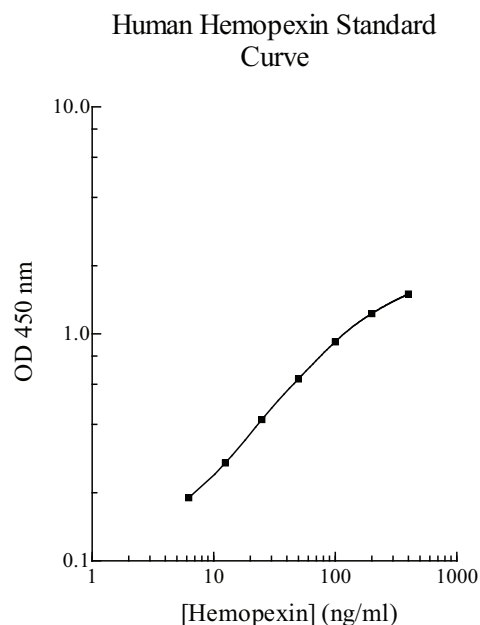
- Add 50 μ l of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for about 10 minutes or till the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.
- Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm **immediately**. If wavelength correction is available, subtract readings at 570 nm from those at 450 nm to correct optical imperfections. Otherwise, read the plate at 450 nm only. Please note that some unstable black particles may be generated at high concentration points after stopping the reaction for about 10 minutes, which will reduce the readings.

Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a standard curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using log-log or four-parameter logistic curve-fit.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

Standard Curve

- The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.



Performance Characteristics

- The minimum detectable dose of hemopexin is typically ~ 6 ng/ml.
- Intra-assay and inter-assay coefficients of variation were 4.9% and 7.3% respectively.

Linearity

	Average Percentage of Expected Value
Sample Dilution	Urine
1:5	91%
1:10	99%
1:20	104%

	Average Percentage of Expected Value
Sample Dilution	Saliva
1:30	89%
1:60	98%
1:120	105%

	Average Percentage of Expected Value
Sample Dilution	Milk
1:150	95%
1:300	99%
1:600	103%

Recovery

Standard Added Value	12.5 – 200 ng/ml
Recovery %	83 – 109%
Average Recovery %	98%

Cross-Reactivity

Species	% Cross Reactivity
Canine	None
Monkey	<10%
Mouse	None
Rat	None
Rabbit	None
Swine	None
Human	100%

References

- (1) Delanghe JR *et al.* (2001) *Clin Chim Acta.* 312(1-2): 13-23.
- (2) Bakker WW *et al.* (2005) *Pediatr Nephrol.* 20(10): 1410-5.
- (3) Yu HL *et al.* (2003) *Proteomics* 3(11): 2240-8
- (4) Kristensson-Aas A *et al.* (1986) *Eur J Clin Invest.* 16(2): 178-83.
- (5) Suzuki K *et al.* (2004) *Nippon Rinsho.* 62(3): 577-86.

Version 3.9

Related Products

- EH1001-1 AssayMax Human Hemopexin ELISA Kit (Plasma and Serum samples)